

VMware 2V0-41.23

VMware VCP-NV 2023 Certification Questions & Answers

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2V0-41.23

<u>VMware Certified Professional - Network Virtualization 2023 (VCP-NV 2023)</u> 70 Questions Exam – 300 / 500 Cut Score – Duration of 135 minutes





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Discover More about the 2V0-41.23 Certification

Are you interested in passing the VMware 2V0-41.23 exam? First discover, who benefits from the 2V0-41.23 certification. The 2V0-41.23 is suitable for a candidate if he wants to learn about Network Virtualization. Passing the 2V0-41.23 exam earns you the VMware Certified Professional - Network Virtualization 2023 (VCP-NV 2023) title.

While preparing for the 2V0-41.23 exam, many candidates struggle to get the necessary materials. But do not worry; your struggling days are over. The 2V0-41.23 PDF contains some of the most valuable preparation tips and the details and instant access to useful <u>2V0-41.23 study materials just at one click</u>.

VMware 2V0-41.23 VCP-NV 2023 Certification Details:

Exam Name	VMware NSX 4.x Professional (VCP-NV 2023)
Exam Code	2V0-41.23
Exam Price	\$250 USD
Duration	135 minutes
Number of Questions	70
Passing Score	300 / 500
Recommended	VMware NSX: Install, Configure, Manage [4.0]
Training / Books	Vitware NSX. Instan, configure, Manage [4.0]
Schedule Exam	PEARSON VUE
Sample Questions	VMware 2V0-41.23 Sample Questions
Recommended	VMware Certified Professional - Network
Practice	Virtualization 2023 (VCP-NV 2023) Practice Test

2V0-41.23 Syllabus:

Section	Objectives
IT Architectures, Technologies, Standards	
VMware Solution	 Demonstrate knowledge of VMware Virtual Cloud Network and NSX Describe the purpose of VMware Virtual Cloud Network
	and its framework



Section	Objectives
	 Identify the benefits and recognize the use cases for NSX
	Describe how NSX fits into the NSX product portfolio
	 Recognize features and the main elements in the NSX Data Center architecture
	Describe NSX policy and centralized policy management
	 Describe the NSX management cluster and the management plane
	 Identify the functions of control plane components, data plane components, and communication channels
	- Demonstrate knowledge of NSX Management Cluster
	 Explain the deployment workflows for the NSX infrastructure
	- Demonstrate knowledge of the NSX UI
	Distinguish between the Policy and the Manager UI
	- Demonstrate knowledge of the data plane
	 Describe the functions of transport zones, transport nodes, VDS, and N-VDS
	 Explain the relationships among transport nodes, transport zones, VDS, and N-VDS
	Describe NSX Data Center on VDS
	Describe uplink profiles
	- Demonstrate knowledge of logical switching
	Describe the functions of NSX Data Center segments
	Recognize different types of segments
	 Explain tunneling and the Geneve encapsulation protocol
	 Describe the interaction between components in logical switching
	 Describe the function of kernel modules and NSX agents installed on ESXi
	 Describe the function of the management plane in logical switching
	 Describe the function of the control plane in logical switching
	 Demonstrate knowledge of logical switching packet forwarding
	 Describe the functions of each table used in packet forwarding



Section	Objectives
	Describe how BUM traffic is managed in switching
	 Explain how ARP suppression is achieved
	- Demonstrate knowledge of segments and segment profiles
	Define what a segment is
	 Describe the purpose of segment profiles
	 Identify the functions of the segment profiles in NSX
	- Demonstrate knowledge of logical routing
	• Explain the function and features of logical routing
	 Describe the architecture of NSX two-tier routing
	 Differentiate between north-south and east-west routing
	Describe the gateway components
	 Recognize the various types of gateway interfaces
	- Demonstrate knowledge of NSX Edge and Edge Clusters
	 Explain the main functions and features of the NSX Edge node
	Describe the functions of the NSX Edge cluster
	 Identify the NSX Edge node form factors and sizing options
	 Describe the different NSX Edge node deployment methods
	- Demonstrate knowledge of Tier-0 and Tier-1 Gateways
	 Describe how to configure a Tier-1 gateway
	 Explain how to configure a Tier-0 gateway
	 Explain Active/Active Tier-0 and Tier-1 configurations
	 Explain multi-tenancy use in a Tier-0 gateway
	- Demonstrate knowledge of static and dynamic routing
	Distinguish between static and dynamic routing
	- Demonstrate knowledge of ECMP and high availability
	Explain the purpose of ECMP routing
	 Identify the active-active and active-standby modes for high availability
	 Recognize failure conditions and explain the failover process
	- Demonstrate knowledge of logical routing packet walk



Objectives
Describe the datapath of single-tier routing
Explain the datapath of multitier routing
- Demonstrate knowledge of VRF Lite
Describe VRF Lite
Explain the benefits of VRF Lite
- Demonstrate knowledge of logical bridging
Describe the purpose and function of logical bridging
 Distinguish between routing and bridging
- Demonstrate knowledge of NSX segmentation
Define NSX segmentation
 Recognize use cases for NSX segmentation
 Identify steps to enforce Zero-Trust with NSX segmentation
- Demonstrate knowledge of distributed firewall
Identify types of firewalls in NSX
Describe features of distributed firewalls
Describe the distributed firewall architecture
 Demonstrate knowledge of security in distributed firewall on VDS
List the distributed firewall on VDS requirements
- Demonstrate knowledge of NSX Gateway Firewall
 Describe the functions of the gateway firewall
Explain the purpose of a gateway policy
Describe the gateway firewall architecture
- Demonstrate knowledge of Intrusion Detection and Prevention
Explain NSX IDS/IPS and its use cases
 Define the NSX IDS/IPS Detection terminology
Describe the NSX IDS/IPS architecture
- Demonstrate knowledge of NSX Application Platform
 Describe NSX Application Platform and its use cases Explain the NSX Application Platform architecture and services
- Demonstrate knowledge of malware prevention



Section	Objectives
	Identify use cases for malware prevention
	 Identify the components in the malware prevention architecture
	 Describe the malware prevention packet flows for known and unknown files
	- Demonstrate knowledge of NSX Intelligence
	Describe NSX Intelligence and its use cases
	Explain NSX Intelligence system requirements
	 Explain NSX Intelligence visualization, recommendation, and network traffic analysis capabilities
	- Demonstrate NSX Network Detection and Response
	Describe NSX Network Detection and Response and its use cases
	Explain the architecture of NSX Network Detection and Response in NSX
	 Describe the visualization capabilities of NSX Network Detection and Response
	- Demonstrate knowledge of NAT and how it is used with NSX
	• Explain the role of network address translation (NAT)
	Distinguish between source and destination NAT
	Describe how Reflexive NAT works
	 Explain how NAT64 facilitates communication between IPv6 and IPv4 networks
	Describe stateful active-active NAT operation
	- Demonstrate knowledge of DHCP and DNS
	 Explain how DHCP and DHCP Relay are used for IP address allocation
	Configure DHCP services in NSX
	Describe how to use a DNS forwarder service
	- Demonstrate knowledge of NSX Advanced Load Balancer
	 Describe NSX Advanced Load Balancer and its use cases
	Explain the NSX Advanced Load Balancer architecture
	 Explain the NSX Advanced Load Balancer components and how they manage traffic
	- Demonstrate knowledge of IPSec VPN



Section	Objectives
	Explain how IPSec-based technologies are used to establish VPNs
	Compare policy-based and route-based IPSec VPN
	Describe IPSec VPN requirements in NSX
	- Demonstrate knowledge of L2 VPN
	Describe L2 VPN technologies in an NSX
	 Identify various supported L2 VPN endpoints
	 Demonstrate knowledge of integrating NSX with VMware Identity Manager
	 Describe the purpose of VMware Identity Manager Identify the benefits of integrating NSX with VMware Identity Manager
	- Demonstrate knowledge of integrating NSX with LDAP
	Identify the benefits of integrating NSX with LDAPDescribe the LDAP authentication architecture
	- Demonstrate knowledge of managing users and configuring RBAC
	Identify the different types of users in NSX
	 Recognize permissions and roles available in NSX
	 Demonstrate knowledge of Federation Architecture, needed prerequisites, Federation Networking, and Federation Security
	Describe Federation and its use cases
	Describe the requirements and limitations of Federation
	Describe the Federation configuration workflow
	Describe the prerequisites for Federation
	 Describe the onboarding of Local Manager configurations and workloads
	 Describe the stretched networking concepts in Federation
	 Explain the supported Tier-0 and Tier-1 stretched topologies
	Explain Layer 2 concepts related to NSX Federation
	Explain the Federation security use cases
	Describe the Federation security components
	Explain the security configuration workflows
	- Demonstrate knowledge of DPU-based acceleration for NSX



Section	Objectives
Plan and Design the VMware Solution	
	 Prepare an NSX infrastructure for deployment Create Transport Zones Create IP Pools Prepare ESXi Hosts Configure segments Attach VMs to segments Use network topology to validate the logical switching configuration Deploy and configure NSX Edge Nodes Deploy and configure NSX Edge Nodes Configure an Edge Cluster Configure the Tier-1 gateway Create a Tier-1 gateway Connect segments to the Tier-1 gateway Use network topology to validate the Tier-1 gateway Create and configure a Tier-0 gateway with OSPF Create a Tier-0 gateway Connect the Tier-0 and Tier-1 gateways Use network topology to validate the Tier-0 gateway configuration Configure the Tier-0 gateway with BGP Create a Tier-0 gateway Connect the Tier-0 and Tier-1 gateways Use network topology to validate the Tier-0 gateway configuration
	Create the uplink trunk segmentDeploy and configure the VRF gateways



Section	Objectives
	 Deploy and connect the Tier-1 gateways to the VRF gateways
	Create and connect segments to the Tier-1 gateways
	Attach VMs to segments on each VRF
	Review the routing tables in each VRF
	- Configure the NSX Distributed Firewall
	Create security group
	Create Distributed Firewall rules
	- Configure the NSX Gateway Firewall
	 Configure a gateway firewall rule to block external SSH requests
	- Configure Intrusion Detection
	Enable Distributed Intrusion Detection and Prevention
	 Download the Intrusion Detection and Prevention signatures
	Create an Intrusion Detection and Prevention profile
	Configure Intrusion Detection rules
	Configure North-South IDS/IPS
	Create a segment and attach a VM
	Analyze Intrusion Detection events
	Modify the IDS/IPS settings to prevent malicious traffic
	Analyze Intrusion Prevention events
	 Deploy NSX Application Platform Configure malware prevention for East-West and North- South Traffic
	- Use NSX Network Detection and Response to detect threats - Configure Network Address Translation
	 Create a Tier-1 gateway for Network Address Translation
	Create a segment
	Attach a VM to NAT segment
	Configure NAT
	Configure NAT route redistribution
	- Configure NSX Advanced Load Balancer
	Create segments for the NSX Advanced Load Balancer
	Deploy the NSX Advanced Load Balancer controller
	Access the NSX Advanced Load Balancer UI



Section	Objectives
	Create a Cloud Connector for NSX
	Configure Service Engine Networks and Routing
	Create a virtual service
	 Configure route advertisement and route redistribution for a virtual IP
	- Deploy Virtual Private Networks
	 Deploy a new NSX Edge Node to support a VPN deployment
	Configure a new Edge Cluster
	 Deploy and configure a new Tier-0 gateway and segments for VPN support
	Create an IPSec VPN service
	Create an L2 VPN server and session
	 Configure a pre-deployed autonomous Edge as an L2 VPN client
	- Manage users and roles
	 Add an Active Directory Domain as an identity source Assign NSX roles to domain users and validate permissions Modify an existing role and validate the role permissions
	 Perform operations tasks in a VMware NSX environment (syslog, backup/restore etc.) Monitor a VMware NSX implementation
	- Use log files to troubleshoot issues
	Identify the default log file locations of NSX components
	Generate Log Bundles
Tusublashastand	Use log files to help identify NSX issues
Troubleshoot and Optimize the VMware Solution	 Identify Tools Available for Troubleshooting Issues Troubleshoot Common NSX Issues
	 Troubleshoot Common NSX Installation/Configuration Issues
	Troubleshoot Common NSX Component Issues
	Troubleshoot Common Connectivity Issues
	Troubleshoot Common physical infrastructure Issues

Broaden Your Knowledge with VMware 2V0-41.23 Sample Questions:

Question: 1

Which command is used to set the NSX Manager's logging-level to debug mode for troubleshooting?

- a) set service manager log-level debug
- b) set service nsx-manager logging-level debug
- c) set service manager logging-level debug
- d) set service nsx-manager log-level debug

Answer: c

Question: 2

An administrator wants to validate the BGP connection status between the Tier-0 Gateway and the upstream physical router.

What sequence of commands could be used to check this status on NSX Edge node?

- a) set vrf <ID>
- show logical-routers- show <LR-D> bgp
- b) show logical-routers- get vrf
- show ip route bgp
- c) enable <LR-D>
- get vrf <ID>
- show bgp neighbor
- d) get logical-routers
- vrf <number>
- get bgp neighbor

Answer: d

Question: 3

Which two VMware Cloud Management systems are compatible with NSX-T Data Center capabilities? (Choose two.)

- a) VMware Power CLI
- b) vRealize Automation
- c) vRealize CodeStream
- d) VMware Integrated OpenStack
- e) VMware vSphere

Answer: b, d



Question: 4

Which three networking features could be configured using the NSX Manager Simplified UI?

(Choose three.)

- a) NAT Rules
- b) containers
- c) load balancers
- d) logical routers
- e) segments
- f) logical switches

Answer: a, c, e

Question: 5

Which two tools could be used to view NSX Policy logs?

(Choose two.)

- a) NSX Manager CLI
- b) NSX Manager root privileged mode
- c) ESXI host nsxcli
- d) KVM host nsxcli
- e) Edge CLI

Answer: a, b

Question: 6

A centralized packet analysis tool VM configured to monitor a NSX-T deployment is dropping some of the packets sent to it.

Which three actions could minimize the drops?

(Choose three.)

- a) Increase the RX buffer ring size.
- b) Assign more CPU resources to the VM.
- c) Use DPDK to improve packet processing performance.
- d) Ensure the host 10GbE NIC is configured for full duplex.
- e) Increase the TX buffer ring size.
- f) Increase MTU on the VM to 9000.

Answer: a, b, c



Question: 7

Which CLI command does a NSX administrator use to obtain information about the NSX Manager configuration when troubleshooting a production system?

- a) show configuration
- b) get managers
- c) show interface
- d) get configuration

Answer: b

Question: 8

Refer to the exhibit.

2019-01-28T13:45:44.359Z RuleID [1033] allocated.	INFO http-nio-127.0.0.1-7440-exec-1 RuleFactoryService - FIREWALL [nsx@6876 comp="nsx-manager" subcomp="manager"]
	INFO http-nio-127.0.0.1-7440-exec-1 RuleFactoryService - FIREWALL [nsx@6876 comp="nsx-manager" subcomp="manager"] 00-0000-0000-00000000000409 from ruleId 1033
<pre>subcomp="manager"] proces section=FirewallSection [TRAFFIC, r=0, oM=STATELES isBefore=true], SOP=Inser id=FirewallRule/00000000 p=2305843009213693951, a= srcs=0, dests=1, srvcs=1,</pre>	<pre>INFO http-nio-127.0.0.1-7440-exec-1 FirewallPatchServiceImpl - FIREWALL [nsx@6876 comp="nsx-manager" sSinglePatch: CREATE operation 1-1 end for section DSSectionRulePatch [sId=00d2ca5d-2352-4077-8c89-96d6ca5b47c0, id=FirewallSection/0d02ca5d-2352-4077-8c89-96d6ca5b47c0, firewallSection/0d02ca5d-2352-4077-8c89-96d6ca5b47c0, id=FirewallSection[sT=LAYER3, isD=false, dN=BLOCK SSH S, rules=0, parent=DSSection [sT=LAYER3, mBy=null, dS=false, appTos=0], iP=InsertParams [anchorId=null, tParams [anchorId=null, isBefore=true], PttchCnt1, PttchEntE[DSRulePatch [rId=1, rule=FirewallRule [rId=1033, 0000-0000-0000-000000000409, sId=FirewallSection/d0d2ca5d-2352-4d77-8c89-96d6ca5b47c0, isD=false, ap=false, DROP, dN=Block SSH to Web, isL=false, isDis=false, xS=0, ctxP=0, parent=DSRule [ruleId=2033, sEF=false, dEF=false, appTos=0, t=, acn=DROP, d=false, i=nnull, dir=N_OUT, pktT=IPV4_IPV6, defR=false, //d0d2ca5d-2352-4d77-8c89-96d6ca5b47c0, p=2305843009213693951]]]]]</pre>
subcomp="manager"] Publis	INFO http-nio-127.0.0.1-7440-exec-8 RealizationRpcClientService - SYSTEM [nsx@6876 comp="nsx-manager" htng realization status request to all CCP nodes [entityid=00000000-0000-00000-00000-0000000000409, entityType=RULE, key#07319067-8854-4891-973a-2a356bcd6392]
	INFO http-nio-127.0.0.1-7440-exec-8 RealizationStateServiceImpl - SYSTEM [nsx@6876 comp="nsx-manager" tity with id '00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000409' and type 'RULE' is realized!
	INFO http-nio-127.0.0.1-7440-exec-8 RealizationStateServiceImpl - SYSTEM [nsx@6876 comp="nsx-manager" ationStateService.getEntityRealizedStatus response [id=00000000-0000-0000-0000-0000000000409, type=RULE, barrier=3491,

A security administrator has configured a gateway firewall rule to block traffic to all Web servers. What can the administrator infer about the rule publication after reviewing the log extract?

- a) The user has no permission to create gateway firewall rules.
- b) The rule has been successfully realized in the NSX Manager.
- c) The rule has been successfully realized in the data path.
- d) There was a communication problem with the Central Control Plane.

Answer: a, b

Question: 9

Which discovery protocol is supported for hypervisor transport nodes?

- a) Link Layer Discovery Protocol
- b) Cisco Discovery Protocol
- c) Neighbor Discovery Protocol
- d) Adobe Real-time CDP

Answer: a



Question: 10

Which three protocols could an NSX administrator use to transfer log messages to a remote log server?

(Choose three.)

- a) TCP
- b) SSL
- c) UDP
- d) HTTPS
- e) TLS
- f) SSH

Answer: a, c, e

Avail the Study Guide to Pass VMware 2V0-41.23 VCP-NV 2023 Exam:

- Find out about the 2V0-41.23 syllabus topics. Visiting the official site offers an idea about the exam structure and other important study resources. Going through the syllabus topics help to plan the exam in an organized manner.
- Once you are done exploring the <u>2V0-41.23 syllabus</u>, it is time to plan for studying and covering the syllabus topics from the core. Chalk out the best plan for yourself to cover each part of the syllabus in a hassle-free manner.
- A study schedule helps you to stay calm throughout your exam preparation. It should contain your materials and thoughts like study hours, number of topics for daily studying mentioned on it. The best bet to clear the exam is to follow your schedule rigorously.
- The candidate should not miss out on the scope to learn from the 2V0-41.23 training. Joining the VMware provided training for 2V0-41.23 exam helps a candidate to strengthen his practical knowledge base from the certification.
- Learning about the probable questions and gaining knowledge regarding the exam structure helps a lot. Go through the <u>2V0-41.23 sample</u> <u>questions</u> and boost your knowledge
- Make yourself a pro through online practicing the syllabus topics. 2V0-41.23 practice tests would guide you on your strengths and weaknesses regarding the syllabus topics. Through rigorous practicing, you can



improve the weaker sections too. Learn well about time management during exam and become confident gradually with practice tests.

Career Benefits:

• Passing the 2V0-41.23 exam, helps a candidate to prosper highly in his career. Having the certification on the resume adds to the candidate's benefit and helps to get the best opportunities.

Here Is the Trusted Practice Test for the 2V0-41.23 Certification

VMExam.Com is here with all the necessary details regarding the 2V0-41.23 exam. We provide authentic practice tests for the 2V0-41.23 exam. What do you gain from these practice tests? You get to experience the real exam-like questions made by industry experts and get a scope to improve your performance in the actual exam. Rely on VMExam.Com for rigorous, unlimited two-month attempts on the <u>2V0-41.23 practice tests</u>, and gradually build your confidence. Rigorous practice made many aspirants successful and made their journey easy towards grabbing the VMware Certified Professional - Network Virtualization 2023 (VCP-NV 2023).

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