Salesforce Mule-Arch-201

Salesforce MuleSoft Platform Architect Certification Questions & Answers

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MULE-ARCH-201

Salesforce Certified MuleSoft Platform Architect

65 Questions Exam – 70% Cut Score – Duration of 120 minutes

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Discover More about the Mule-Arch-201 Certification

Are you interested in passing the Salesforce Mule-Arch-201 exam? First discover, who benefits from the Mule-Arch-201 certification. The Mule-Arch-201 is suitable for a candidate if he wants to learn about Salesforce Architect. Passing the Mule-Arch-201 exam earns you the Salesforce Certified MuleSoft Platform Architect title.

While preparing for the Mule-Arch-201 exam, many candidates struggle to get the necessary materials. But do not worry; your struggling days are over. The Mule-Arch-201 PDF contains some of the most valuable preparation tips and the details and instant access to useful Mule-Arch-201 study materials **just at one click.**

Salesforce Mule-Arch-201 MuleSoft Platform Architect Certification Details:

Exam Name	Salesforce MuleSoft Platform Architect
Exam Code	Mule-Arch-201
Exam Price	Registration fee: USD 400 Retake fee: USD 200
Duration	120 minutes
Number of Questions	65
Passing Score	70%
Recommended Training / Books	Anypoint Platform Architecture: Application Networks (ARC720)
Schedule Exam	Kryterion Webassessor PEARSON VUE
Sample Questions	Salesforce Mule-Arch-201 Sample Questions
Recommended Practice	Salesforce Certified MuleSoft Platform Architect Practice Test

Mule-Arch-201 Syllabus:

Section	Objectives	Weight
Explaining application network basics	- Identify and differentiate between technologies typically used to implement API-led connectivity. - Describe the role and characteristics of web APIs. - Correctly assign APIs to tiers according to ownership, functional focus, and rate of change. - Describe the capabilities and high-level components of Anypoint Platform.	7%
Establishing organizational and platform foundations	- Advise on establishing a Center for Enablement (C4E) and identify key performance indicators (KPIs) to measure its success. - Describe the high-level structure and benefits of MuleSoft Catalyst. - Choose between options for hosting and managing Anypoint Platform control and runtime planes. - Compare and contrast Identity Management and Client Management options on Anypoint Platform. - Identify data residency of different kinds of data (payload, metrics, and others).	10%
Designing and sharing APIs	- Identify dependencies between an API, its API specification, its implementation, and its clients. - Describe the creation and publication of reusable API-related assets using API specifications and Anypoint Platform components. - Identify changes to an API that would require or not require changing the major/minor/patch component of its semantic version. - Given a specific power relationship between two Bounded Contexts, choose the most appropriate strategy for mapping between the API data models of these Bounded Contexts. - Identify idempotent HTTP methods and HTTP-native support for optimistic concurrency.	10%
Designing APIs using System, Process, and Experience Layers	- Identify appropriate APIs to implement a business process and assign them to layers of API-led connectivity. - Assign APIs to layers according to ownership, functional focus, and rate of change. - Recommend the most appropriate approach relating the API data model of System APIs to that of their backend system based on specific requirements and organizational characteristics. - Recommend the use of an Enterprise Data Model	12%

Section	Objectives	Weight
	or Bounded Context Data Models based on a set of APIs and specific preferences and organizational characteristics. - Select DataGraph only for suitable roles in an application network, according to its high-level features.	
Governing web APIs on Anypoint Platform	- Make appropriate use of API instances and environments in API Manager, taking into account the nature of the API and the underlying data and system. - Select appropriate API policies and other components of the API to support specific non-functional requirements (NFRs). - Identify any change(s) required to an API specification to reflect the application of an API policy with specific characteristics. - Select an approach to API policy enforcement based on specific preferences and constraints, including, but not limited to, API proxies/API gateways and Anypoint Service Mesh. - Secure web APIs using API policies appropriately chosen for the API's tier (System, Process, Experience). - Describe in what circumstances and how to pass client ID and secret to a web API. - Explain how to request access to an API version for an API client, and how that access is approved and revoked. - Select appropriate API policies to enforce non-functional security constraints on web API invocations. - Explain the relationships of Anypoint Platform, external Identity Providers (IdPs), AP Business Groups, and API clients in the context of OAuth 2.0. - Identify scenarios needing custom API policies.	17%
Architecting and deploying API implementations	- Explain how to use auto-discovery to link a web API implementation to an API instance managed with API Manager. - Identify requirements that call for the use of an Anypoint Virtual Private Cloud (VPC). - Compare and contrast options for hosting and managing Anypoint Platform runtime planes. - Compare unit and integration tests and specify where MUnit is best employed.	11%

Section	Objectives	Weight
	- Explain options for automated building, testing, and deployment of API implementations and related artifacts in a DevOps setting.	
Deploying API implementations to CloudHub	- Describe the scenarios for which Object Store (OS) should be used with CloudHub. - Select CloudHub worker sizes and configuration as appropriate. - Given an app deployed to the CloudHub shared worker cloud in one or more regions, describe and predict its reliability and performance characteristics. - Identify the defining differences between the CloudHub Shared and Dedicated Load Balancers. - Compare and contrast the options for CloudHub networking in the presence of customer-owned Amazon VPCs and on-premises data centers. - Identify and avoid single points of failure in CloudHub deployments of API implementations.	11%
Meeting API quality goals	- Design, describe, and differentiate between scenarios that use an OS or caching. - Select resilience strategies that help web API clients guard against failures when invoking APIs. - Describe when horizontal scaling of an API implementation is or is not likely to benefit response time and throughput as seen by API clients.	10%
Monitoring and analyzing application networks	- Identify the components of Anypoint Platform that generate data for monitoring and alerting. - Describe the metrics collected by Anypoint Platform for API invocations. - Specify alerts to define for key metrics of API invocations for all layers of API-led connectivity. - Specify alerts to define for Mule applications.	12%

Broaden Your Knowledge with Salesforce Mule-Arch-201 Sample Questions:

Question: 1

In which scenario is the use of Object Store (OS) most recommended with CloudHub?

a) Storing transient application data
b) Long-term archival of data
c) Storing user session data
d) Backup for on-premises databases

Answer: c

Question: 2

How should a customer using Runtime Fabric on self-managed Kubernetes monitor their worker node health and core capacity?

a) Use Runtime Fabric Ops Center
b) Use tooling provided by the Kubernetes provider
c) Use the Infrastructure tab within Anypoint Monitoring
d) Use Anypoint Platform APIs to retrieve real-time node performance data

Answer: b

Question: 3

A team working at a multinational bank introduced a new System API into their environment. What are two reasons the team made this decision?

(Choose two.)

a) Payment requests coming through the system had to be routed to a new fraud engine that was introduced at the bank
b) The administration system did not authorize requests and was having data erroneously modified due to unauthorized requests
c) An external vendor that integrated with the bank's systems changed their client from one that interacted with SOAP interfaces to one that required RESTful interfaces
d) The administration system's interface utilized an overly complex model, the majority of which was not applicable to the bank's business

Answer: b, d

Question: 4

A MuleSoft architect has defined requirements for a project. Which three tools can convert the project requirements into capabilities to design, validate, and publish APIs?

(Choose three.)

a) Exchange
b) Anypoint Monitoring
c) Design Center
d) Mocking service
e) Runtime Manager
f) API libraries

Answer: a, c, d

Question: 5

Compare and contrast CloudHub networking when integrated with customer-owned Amazon VPCs and on-premises data centers. What is a key advantage of using Amazon VPCs?

a) Faster deployment speeds
b) Better security due to physical isolation
c) Lower latency compared to on-premises connections
d) Easier scalability

Answer: d

Question: 6

What is a typical result of using a fine-grained, rather than a coarse-grained, API deployment model to implement a given business process?

a) An overall lower usage of resources because each fine-grained API consumes fewer resources
b) A higher number of discoverable, API-related assets in the application network
c) A better response time for the end user as a result of the APIs being smaller in scope and complexity
d) A decrease in the number of connections within the application network supporting the business process

Answer: b

Question: 7

Which two actions are needed to create a custom alert for a Mule application deployed to CloudHub? (Choose two.)

a) Add Anypoint Connector for CloudHub to the Mule application
b) Configure the custom application alert in Runtime Manager
c) Configure an email server for the alert notification to be sent
d) Enable alerts in Runtime Manager

Answer: a, b

Question: 8

According to the API-led connectivity approach MuleSoft recommends, what is a best practice when building system APIs?

a) Build an Enterprise Data Model (Canonical Data Model) for all back-end systems and apply it to system APIs
b) Expose the details of the API implementation's interaction with the back-end system to API clients
c) Expose the metadata of the back-end system
d) Document the system API using an easily consumable asset like a RAML definition

Answer: d

Question: 9

The responses to some HTTP requests can be cached depending on the HTTP verb used in the request. According to the HTTP specification, what are the safe methods to use?

a) GET, HEAD, POST
b) GET, OPTIONS, HEAD
c) PUT, POST, DELETE
d) GET, PUT, OPTIONS

Answer: b

Question: 10

Which scenario benefits from horizontal scaling?

a) An API proxy that receives frequent but small payloads
b) An API that receives infrequent but large JSON payload
c) An API that performs heavy data transformation
d) API implementations that are stateful in nature

Answer: a

Avail the Study Guide to Pass Salesforce Mule-Arch-201 MuleSoft Platform Architect Exam:

- Find out about the Mule-Arch-201 syllabus topics. Visiting the official site offers an idea about the exam structure and other important study resources. Going through the syllabus topics help to plan the exam in an organized manner.
- Once you are done exploring the **Mule-Arch-201 syllabus**, it is time to plan for studying and covering the syllabus topics from the core. Chalk out the best plan for yourself to cover each part of the syllabus in a hassle-free manner.
- A study schedule helps you to stay calm throughout your exam preparation. It should contain your materials and thoughts like study hours, number of topics for daily studying mentioned on it. The best bet to clear the exam is to follow your schedule rigorously.
- The candidate should not miss out on the scope to learn from the Mule-Arch-201 training. Joining the Salesforce provided training for Mule-Arch-201 exam helps a candidate to strengthen his practical knowledge base from the certification.
- Learning about the probable questions and gaining knowledge regarding the exam structure helps a lot. Go through the Mule-Arch-201 sample questions and boost your knowledge
- Make yourself a pro through online practicing the syllabus topics. **Mule-Arch-201 practice tests** would guide you on your strengths and weaknesses regarding the syllabus topics. Through rigorous practicing, you can improve the weaker sections too. Learn well about time management during exam and become confident gradually with practice tests.

Career Benefits:

- Passing the Mule-Arch-201 exam, helps a candidate to prosper highly in his career. Having the certification on the resume adds to the candidate's benefit and helps to get the best opportunities.

Here Is the Trusted Practice Test for the Mule-Arch-201 Certification

VMExam.Com is here with all the necessary details regarding the Mule-Arch-201 exam. We provide authentic practice tests for the Mule-Arch-201 exam. What do you gain from these practice tests? You get to experience the real exam-like questions made by industry experts and get a scope to improve your performance in the actual exam. Rely on VMExam.Com for rigorous, unlimited two-month attempts on the **Mule-Arch-201 practice tests**, and gradually build your confidence. Rigorous practice made many aspirants successful and made their journey easy towards grabbing the Salesforce Certified MuleSoft Platform Architect.

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